

STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA
CONSULTANT CONTRACT
BETWEEN

Rapid City Fire Department
10 Main Street
Rapid City, SD 57701
Referred to as "Consultant"

South Dakota Department of Health
Division of Healthcare Access
Office of EMS and Trauma
600 East Capitol Avenue
Pierre, SD 57501-2536
(605) 773-3361
Referred to as "State"

The State hereby enters into this agreement (Agreement) for services with Contractor in consideration of and pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth herein.

1. SCOPE OF SERVICES

The purpose of this contract is to continue to implement a Community Health Worker program.

Consultant will perform the following services:

- A. Continue efforts to implement a Community Health Worker (CHW) program within the EMS organization.
 - i. Train at least one individual within the organization to be a certified CHW through a program approved by the DOH.
 - ii. Promote and raise awareness about the CHW program within the EMS organizations service area.
 - iii. Participate in partner calls and other CHW related communications.
- B. Submit quarterly reports to the DOH.
 - i. Quarter 1 – June 1 through August 31 – Due September 15, 2023
 - ii. Quarter 2 – September 1 through November 30 – Due December 15, 2023
 - iii. Quarter 3 – December 1 through February 29 – Due March 15, 2024
 - iv. Quarter 4 – March 1 through May 31 – Due June 15, 2024
- C. Submit monthly invoices to the DOH on official company letterhead to include:
 - i. Date(s) and description of service(s).
 - ii. Contract number
 - iii. Number of hours and per hour rate
- D. Signature of authorized signer

2. PERIOD OF PERFORMANCE

This Agreement shall be effective on June 1, 2023 and will end on May 31, 2024, unless sooner terminated pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.

3. USE OF EQUIPMENT, SUPPLIES AND FACILITIES

Consultant will not use State equipment, supplies or facilities.

4. CONTRACTOR IDENTIFICATION

Upon execution of this Agreement, Contractor will provide the State with Contractor's Employer Identification Number, Federal Tax Identification Number or Social Security Number.

5. CONTRACT AMOUNT AND PAYMENT

The State will make payment for services upon satisfactory completion of the services. The TOTAL CONTRACT AMOUNT is an amount not to exceed \$50,000.00.

The State will not pay Contractor's expenses, including but not limited to travel, lodging and meals, as a separate item. Payment will be made pursuant to itemized invoices submitted with a signed voucher. Payment will be made consistent with the Prompt Payment Act SDCL §§ 5-26-1 through 5-26-8. Any overpayment of this Agreement shall be returned to the State within thirty (30) days after written notification to Contractor.

6. STATE AGREES TO

A. Pay for services based on approved budget template submitted by the grant application.

7. INDEMNIFICATION

Consultant agrees to indemnify the State of South Dakota, its officers, agents and employees, from and against all actions, suits, damages, liability or other proceedings that may arise as a result of performing services hereunder. Contractor shall defend the State of South Dakota, its officers, agents, and employees against any claim, including any claim, action, suit, or other proceeding related to the claim. Contractor's obligation to indemnify includes the payment of attorney fees and other costs of defense. In defending the State of South Dakota, its officers, agents, and employees, Contractor shall engage other professionals, subject to the written approval of the State which shall not be unreasonably withheld. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the State may, in its sole discretion and at the expense of Contractor, engage attorneys and other professionals to defend the State of South Dakota, its officers, agents, and employees, or to assist Contractor in the defense. This section does not require Consultant to be responsible for or defend against claims or proceedings for damages, liabilities, losses or equitable relief arising solely from errors or omissions of the State, its officers, agents or employees.

8. INSURANCE

At all times during the term of this Agreement, Contractor shall obtain and maintain in force insurance coverage of the types and with the limits as follows:

A. Commercial General Liability Insurance:

Contractor shall maintain occurrence-based commercial general liability insurance or equivalent form of coverage with a limit of not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for each occurrence. If such insurance contains a general aggregate limit it shall apply separately to this Agreement or be no less than two times the occurrence limit. The insurance policy shall name the State of South Dakota, its officers and employees, as additional insures, but liability coverage is limited to claims not barred by sovereign immunity. The State of South Dakota, its officers and employees do not hereby waive sovereign immunity for discretionary conduct as provided by law.

B. Professional Liability Insurance or Miscellaneous Professional Liability Insurance:

Contractor agrees to procure and maintain professional liability insurance or miscellaneous professional liability insurance with a limit of not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000). The insurance policy shall name the State of South Dakota, its officers and employees, as additional insures, but liability coverage is limited to claims not barred by sovereign immunity. The State of South Dakota, its officers and employees do not hereby waive sovereign immunity for discretionary conduct as provided by law..

C. Business Automobile Liability Insurance:

Contractor shall maintain business automobile liability insurance or equivalent form with a limit of not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for each accident. This insurance shall include coverage for owned, hired and non-owned vehicles. The insurance policy shall name the State of South Dakota, its officers and employees, as additional insures, but liability coverage is limited to claims not barred by sovereign immunity. The State of South Dakota, its officers and employees do not hereby waive sovereign immunity for discretionary conduct as provided by law.

D. Worker's Compensation Insurance:

Contractor shall procure and maintain workers' compensation and employers' liability insurance as required by South Dakota or federal law.

Before beginning work under this Agreement, Contractor shall furnish the State with properly executed Certificates of Insurance which shall clearly evidence all insurance required in this Agreement including naming the State, its officers and employees, as additional insureds, as set forth above. In the event of a substantial change in insurance, issuance of a new policy, cancellation or nonrenewal of the policy, Contractor agrees to provide immediate notice to the State and provide a new certificate of insurance showing continuous coverage in the amounts required. Contractor shall furnish copies of insurance policies if requested by State.

9. TERMINATION

This Agreement may be terminated by either party hereto upon thirty (30) days written notice. In the event Contractor breaches any of the terms of conditions hereof, this Agreement may be terminated by State at any time, with or without notice. If termination for a breach is affected by the State, any payments due to Contractor at the time of termination may be adjusted to cover any additional costs to the State because of Contractor's breach. Upon termination the State may take over the work and may award another party a contract to complete the work contemplated by this Agreement. If after the State terminates for a breach by Contractor it is determined that Contractor was not at fault, then Contractor shall be paid for eligible services rendered and expenses incurred up to the date of termination.

10. AVAILABILITY OF FUNDING

This Agreement depends upon the continued availability of appropriated funds and expenditure authority from Congress and or the State Legislature for this purpose. If for any reason the United States Congress or the State Legislature fails to appropriate funds or grant expenditure authority, or funds become unavailable by operation of law or federal funds reductions, this Agreement will be terminated by the State upon five (5) business days written notice. Contractor agrees that termination for any of these reasons is not a default by State nor does it give rise to a claim against State or any officer, agent or employee of the State, and Contractor waives any claim against the same.

11. COMPLIANCE WITH EXECUTIVE ORDER 2020-01

Executive Order 2020-01 provides that for contractors, vendors, supplies, or subcontracts with five (5) or more employees who enter into a contract with the State that involves the expenditure of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) or more, by signing this Agreement Contractor certifies and agrees that it has not refused to transact business activities, has not terminated business activities, and has not taken other similar actions intended to limit its commercial relations, related to the subject matter of this Agreement, with a person or entity that is either the State of Israel, or a company doing business in or with Israel or authorized by, licensed by, or organized under the laws of the State of Israel to do business, or doing business in the State of Israel, with the specific intent to accomplish a boycott or divestment of Israel in a discriminatory manner. It is understood and agreed that, if this certification is false, such false certification will constitute grounds for State to terminate this Agreement. Contractor further agrees to provide immediate written notice to State if during the term of the contract it no longer complies with this certification, and agrees such noncompliance may be grounds for contract termination of this Agreement.

12. COMPLIANCE WITH EXECUTIVE ORDER 2023-02

Contractor certifies and agrees that the following information is correct:

In preparing its response or offer or in considering proposals submitted from qualified, potential vendors, suppliers, and subcontractors, or in the solicitation, selection, or commercial treatment of any vendor, supplier, or subcontractor, Contractor is not an entity, regardless of its principal place of business, that is ultimately owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by a foreign national, a foreign parent entity, or foreign government from China, Iran, North Korea, Russia, Cuba, or Venezuela, as defined by South Dakota Executive Order 2023-02.

Contractor further agrees that, if this certification is false, such false certification will constitute grounds for the State to terminate this Agreement. Contractor further agrees to provide immediate written notice to the State if during the term of this Agreement it no longer complies with this certification and agrees such noncompliance may be grounds for termination of this Agreement.

13. NOTICE

Any notice or other communication required under this Agreement shall be in writing and sent to the address set forth above. Notices shall be given by and to the State Contact Person on behalf of State, and by and to the Contractor Contact Person on behalf of Contractor, or such authorized designees as either party may from time to time designate in writing. Notices or communications to or between the parties shall be deemed to have been delivered when mailed by first class mail, provided that notice of default or termination shall be sent by registered or certified mail, or, if personally delivered, when received by such party.

14. CONTROLLING LAW AND VENUE

This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of South Dakota, without regard to any conflicts of law principles, decisional law, or statutory provision which require or permit the application of another jurisdiction's substantive law. Venue for any lawsuit pertaining to or affecting this Agreement shall be in the Circuit Court, Sixth Judicial Circuit, Hughes County, South Dakota.

15. INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR

While performing services hereunder, Contractor is an independent contractor and not an officer, agent, or employee of the State of South Dakota.

16. THIRD PARTY BENEFICIARIES

This Agreement is intended to govern only the rights and interests of the parties named herein. It is not intended to create, does not and may not be relied upon to create, any rights, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law by any third party in any matters, civil or criminal.

17. ASSIGNMENT AND AMENDMENT

This Agreement may not be assigned without the express prior written consent of State. Consultant's assignment or attempted assignment of this contract, or any portion thereof, without State's prior written consent constitutes a material breach of contract. This Agreement may not be amended except in writing, which writing shall be expressly identified as part hereof and be signed by an authorized representative of each of the parties hereto.

18. COMPLIANCE

Contractor will comply with all federal, tribal, state, and local laws, regulations, ordinances, guidelines, permits, requirements and other standards applicable to the services provided under this Agreement and will be solely responsible for obtaining current information regarding the foregoing. Nothing herein shall constitute a waiver by the State to any defense to jurisdiction nor shall anything herein constitute an acknowledgement by the State that any tribe has or exercises any jurisdiction over this Agreement or the parties.

Contractor agrees to abide by all applicable provisions of the following assurances: Byrd Anti Lobbying Amendment (31 USC 1352), Debarment and Suspension (Executive Orders 12549 and 12689 and 2 C.F.R. 180), Drug-Free Workplace, Executive Order 11246, Equal Employment Opportunity as amended by Executive Order 11375 and Equal Employment Opportunity as amended by Executive Order 11375 and implementing regulations at 41 C.F.R. part 60, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act of 1972, Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention, Treatment and Rehabilitation Act of 1970, Age Discrimination Act of 1975, Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, Pro-Children Act of 1994, Hatch Act, Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) of 1996 as amended, Clean Air Act, Federal Water Pollution Control Act, Charitable Choice Provisions and Regulations, Equal Treatment for Faith-Based Religions at Title 28 C.F.R. Part 38, the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013, American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, a applicable; and any other nondiscrimination provision in the specific statute(s) under which application for Federal assistance is being made; and the requirements of any other nondiscrimination statute(s) which may apply to the contract.

19. REPORTING

Contractor agrees to report to State any event encountered in the course of performance of this Agreement which results in injury to any person or property, or which may otherwise subject contractor, or the State of South Dakota or its officers, agents or employees to liability. Contractor shall report any such event to the State immediately upon discovery.

Contractor's obligation under this section shall only be to report the occurrence of any event to the State and to make any other report provided for by their duties or applicable law. Contractor's obligation to report shall not require disclosure of any information subject to privilege or confidentiality under law (e.g., attorney-client communications). Reporting to State under this section shall not excuse or satisfy any obligation of Contractor to report any event to law enforcement or other entities under the requirements of any applicable law.

20. SUBCONTRACTING

Contractor may not use subcontractors to perform the services described herein without the express prior written consent of State. Contractor will include provisions in its subcontracts requiring its subcontractors to comply with the applicable provisions of this Agreement, to indemnify the State, and to provide insurance coverage in a manner consistent with this Agreement. Contractor will cause its subcontractors, agents, and employees to comply with applicable federal, tribal, state, and local laws, regulations, ordinances, guidelines, permits and other standards and will adopt such review and inspection procedures as are necessary to assure such compliance. The State, at its option, may require the vetting of any subcontractors. Contractor shall assist in the vetting process.

21. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY, AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

By signing this Agreement, Contractor certifies that neither Contractor nor its principals are presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment or suspension, or declared ineligible from participating in transactions by the federal government or any state or local government department or agency. Contractor further agrees that it will immediately notify the State if during the term of this Agreement Contractor or its principals become subject to debarment, suspension, or ineligibility from participating in transactions by the federal government, or by any state or local government department or agency.

22. STATE'S RIGHT TO REJECT

The State reserves the right to reject any person from performing services under this Agreement who the State believes would be detrimental to the services, presents insufficient skills, presents inappropriate behavior or is considered by the State to be a security risk.

23. SEVERABILITY

In the event that any court of competent jurisdiction shall hold any provision of this Agreement unenforceable or invalid, such holding shall not invalidate or render unenforceable any other provision hereof.

24. SUPERCESSION

All other prior discussions, communications and representations concerning the subject matter of this Agreement are superseded by the terms of this Agreement, and except as specifically provided herein, this Agreement constitutes the entire agreement with respect to the subject matter hereof.

25. FORCE MAJEURE

Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, neither party shall be liable for any delay or failure to perform under the terms and conditions of this Agreement, if the delay or failure is caused by war, terrorist attacks, riots, civil commotion, fire, flood, quarantine, epidemic, pandemic, earthquake or any act of God, or other causes beyond the party's reasonable control provided, however, that in order to be excused from delay or failure to perform, the party must act diligently to remedy the cause of such delay or failure and must give notice to the other party as provided in this Agreement as soon as reasonably possible of the length and cause of the delay in performance. For this clause to be exercised each party must provide a notice labeled Special Notice to the other party citing the condition for the delay and the expected length of time of the delay of performance.

26. WAIVER OF BREACH

The waiver by either party of a breach or violation of any provision of this Agreement shall not operate as, or be construed to be, a waiver of any subsequent breach of the same or other provision in this Agreement.

27. SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY

Nothing in this Agreement is intended to constitute a waiver of sovereign immunity by or on behalf of the State of South Dakota, its agencies, officers or employees.

28. HEADINGS

The headings in this Agreement are for convenience and reference only and shall not govern, limit, modify or in any manner affect the scope, meaning, or intent of the provisions of this Agreement.

29. AUTHORITY TO EXECUTE

Contractor represents and warrants that:

- A. Contractor is a corporation duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of its state of incorporation and has all requisite corporate power and authority to execute, deliver and perform its obligations under this Agreement;

- B. The execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement has been duly authorized by Contractor and no approval, authorization or consent of any governmental or regulatory agency is required to be obtained in order for Contractor to enter into this Agreement and perform its obligations under this Agreement;
- C. Contractor is duly authorized to conduct business in and is in good standing in each jurisdiction in which Contractor will conduct business in connection with this Agreement; and
- D. Contractor has obtained all licenses, certifications, permits, and authorizations necessary to perform the services under this Agreement and currently is in good standing with all regulatory agencies that regulate any or all aspects of Contractor's performance of the services. Contractor will maintain all required certifications, licenses, permits, and authorizations during the term of this Agreement at its own expense.

30. DISCLOSURE OF THE CONTRACT

Neither party shall disclose the contents of the Agreement except as required by applicable law or as necessary to carry out the terms of the Agreement or to enforce that party's rights under this Agreement. The Contractor acknowledges that the State of South Dakota and its agencies are public entities and thus are bound by South Dakota open meetings and open records laws. It is therefore not a breach of this Agreement for the State to take any action that the State reasonably believes is necessary to comply with the South Dakota open records or open meetings laws, including, without limitation, posting this Agreement on the website pursuant to SDCL 1-27-46. The Contractor agrees that the Agreement and any prices, fees and rates agreed to be paid by the State under the Agreement are not confidential.

31. RECORD RETENTION

Consultant agrees to maintain all records that are pertinent to this contract and retain them for a period of six (6) years following final payment against the contract. State agrees to assume responsibility for these items after that time period. These records shall be subject at all reasonable times for inspection, review or audit by State, other personnel duly authorized by State, and federal officials so authorized by law.

32. CONFIDENTIALITY

For the purpose of this Agreement, "Confidential Information" shall include all information, regardless of its format, disclosed to the Contractor by the State and all information, regardless of format, obtained by Contractor through the provision of services as contemplated by this Agreement. Contractor, and any person or entity affiliated with Contractor, shall not disclose any Confidential Information to any third person for any reason without the express written permission of a State officer or employee with authority to authorize the disclosure. Contractor, and any person or entity affiliated with Contractor, shall not:

- A. disclose any Confidential Information to any third person unless otherwise specifically allowed under this Agreement;
- B. make any use of Confidential Information except to exercise rights and perform obligations under this Agreement;
- C. make Confidential Information available to any of its employees, officers, agents, or consultants except those who have agreed, by contract, to obligations of confidentiality at least as strict as those set out in this Agreement and who have a need to know such information and who have been instructed that such information is or may be confidential under state or federal law. Contractor, and any person or entity affiliated with Contractor, is held to the same standard of care in guarding Confidential Information as it applies to its own confidential or proprietary information and materials of a similar nature, and no less than holding Confidential Information in the strictest confidence. Contractor, and any person or entity affiliated with Contractor, shall protect the confidentiality of the State's information from the time of receipt to the time that such information is either returned to the State or destroyed to the extent that it cannot be recalled or reproduced.

Confidential Information shall not include information that;

- A. was in the public domain at the time it was disclosed to Contractor, and any person or entity affiliated with Contractor;
- B. was known to Contractor, and any person or entity affiliated with Contractor, without restriction at the time of disclosure from the State;
- C. was disclosed with the prior written approval of State's officers or employees having authority to disclose such information;
- D. was independently developed by Contractor, and any person or entity affiliated with Contractor, without the benefit or influence of the State's information; or
- E. becomes known to Contractor, and any person or entity affiliated with Contractor, without restriction, from a source not connected to the State of South Dakota.

Confidential Information can include, but is not limited to, names, social security numbers, employer numbers, addresses and all other data about applicants, participants, employers or other clients to whom the State provides services of any kind. Contractor understands that this information may be confidential and protected under applicable state or federal law . Contractor agrees to immediately notify the State if the information is disclosure, either intentionally or inadvertently.

If work assignments performed in the course of this Agreement require additional security requirements or clearance, Contractor agrees that its officers, agents and employees may be required to undergo investigation or may be required to sign separate confidentiality agreements, and will limit access to the confidential information and related work activities to employees who have executed such agreements.

Contractor will enforce the terms of this Confidentiality Provision to its fullest extent.

Contractor agrees to remove any employee or agent from performing work under this Agreement that has or is suspected to have violated the terms of this Confidentiality Provision and to immediately notify the State of such matter. Contractor will comply with any other confidentiality measures and terms included in the Agreement.

Upon termination of this Agreement, if not already done so as part of the services performed under the Agreement, Contractor agrees to return to the State, at Contractor's cost, any Confidential Information or documentation maintained by Contractor regarding the services provided hereunder in a format readily useable by the State as mutually agreed by Contractor and State.

33. WORK PRODUCT

Contractor hereby acknowledges and agrees that all reports, plans, specifications, technical data, miscellaneous drawings, software system programs and documentation, procedures, or files, operating instructions and procedure, source code(s) and documentation, including those necessary to upgrade and maintain the software program, and all information contained therein provided to the State by Contractor in connection with the performance of services under this Agreement shall belong to and is the property of the State and will not be used in any way by Contractor without the written consent of the State. Papers, reports, forms, software programs, source code(s) and other material which are a part of the work under this Agreement will not be copyrighted without written approval of the State.

34. INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR

Consultant, as an independent contractor, is solely responsible for the withholding and payment of applicable income and Social Security taxes due and owing from money received under this contract.

35. PURCHASE OF CAPITAL ASSETS OR EQUIPMENT

Consultant will not purchase capital assets or equipment using State funds.

36. INTEGRATION

This contract is a complete version of the entire agreement between the parties with respect to the subject matter within this contract and supersedes all prior or contemporaneous written or oral understandings, agreements and communications between them with respect to such subject matter. This contract may be modified or amended only by a writing signed by both parties.

37. AUDIT REQUIREMENTS (EXPENDING \$750,000 OR MORE)

A nonprofit subrecipient, (as well as profit hospitals) (Consultant), expending \$750,000 or more in one year in Federal awards, must have an annual audit made in accordance with 2 CFR Chapter I, Chapter II, Part 200, et al. Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.

All audits must be conducted by an auditor approved by the Auditor General to perform the audit. Approval may be obtained by forwarding a copy of the audit engagement letter to the Department of Legislative Audit, 427 South Chapelle, c/o 500 East Capitol, Pierre, SD 57501-5070. On continuing engagements, the Auditor General's approval should be obtained annually. The auditor must follow the Auditor General's guidelines when conducting the audit. The draft audit report must be submitted to the Auditor General for approval prior to issuing the final report. The auditor must file the requested copies of the final audit report with the Auditor General. Audits shall be completed and filed with granting agencies by the end of the ninth month following the end of the fiscal year being audited or 30 days after receipt of the auditor's report, whichever is earlier. If it appears that a required audit cannot be completed by the end of the ninth month following your fiscal year, the contractor must request an extension from the federal agency for which the majority of federal expenditures relates.

Failure to complete audit(s) as required will result in the disallowance of audit costs as direct or indirect charges to programs. Additionally, a percentage of awards may be withheld, overhead costs may be disallowed, and or awards may be suspended, until the audit is completed satisfactorily.

38. CONFLICT OF INTEREST

Provider agrees to establish safeguards to prohibit employees or other persons from using their positions for a purpose that constitutes or presents the appearance of personal or organizational conflict of interest, or personal gain as contemplated by SDCL 5-18A-17 through 5-18A-17.6. Any potential conflict of interest must be disclosed in writing. In the event of a conflict of interest, the Provider expressly agrees to be bound by the conflict resolution process set forth in SDCL 5-18A-17 through 5-18A-17.6.

39. RECYCLING

State strongly encourages Consultant to establish a recycling program to help preserve our natural resources and reduce the need for additional landfill space.

40. CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECKS

Pursuant to SDCL 5-18D-28, Contractor agrees that each person who has access to confidential information obtained from the United States Internal Revenue Service or an authorized secondary source pursuant to this Agreement shall submit to and successfully pass a state and federal criminal background investigation and submit to a fingerprint check by the South Dakota Division of Criminal Investigation and the Federal Bureau of Investigation before being granted access to any Confidential Information. The appointing authority shall submit the completed fingerprint card to the South Dakota Division of Criminal Investigation. Contractor shall be responsible for payment of any fee charged for the cost of fingerprinting and the criminal background investigation. If a disqualifying record is discovered, Contractor agrees that such individual will not have access to the Confidential Information obtained from the United States Internal Revenue Service or an authorized secondary source pursuant to this Agreement. The State shall have the sole discretion to determine whether a record is disqualifying and will immediately notify Contractor.

41. TRANSFER OF INFORMATION

Upon termination of this Agreement (whether initiated by the State or Contractor) and following a written request by the State, Contractor agrees to provide to the State, at Contractor's expense, any data and other pertinent records related to services performed under this Agreement ("Information") to the State or a designee chosen by the State ("Recipient") within thirty (30) days, unless otherwise agreed by the parties. The transfer of Information shall be conducted based upon the State's standards and in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations in a format readily usable by the State or Recipient as mutually agreed by Contractor and State.

42. OTHER METHODS OF NOTICE

The parties consent to the use of electronic means and facsimile transmissions for communications as a signed writing provided that delivery is confirmed.

43. DILIGENCE AND SKILL

In the performance of these services and providing the deliverables under the Agreement, Contractor, and its employees shall exercise the degree of skill and care consistent with customarily accepted practices and procedures for the performance of the type of services required. Contractor shall be responsible for the professional quality, technical accuracy, timely completion, and coordination of all services and deliverables furnished by Contractor and any subcontractors, if applicable, under this Agreement. It shall be the duty of Contractor to assure that its services and deliverables are technically sound and in conformance with all pertinent technical codes and standards. Contractor represents and warrants that: (i) it shall give high priority to the performance of the services; and (ii) the services shall be performed in a timely manner.

Contractor shall be responsible to the State for material deficiencies in the contracted deliverables and services which result from the failure to meet the standard given herein. Contractor shall promptly correct or revise any material errors or omissions in deliverables and re-perform any services which are not in compliance with such representations and warranties at no cost to the State, provided that Contractor's failure to comply is not due solely to the actions, errors, or omissions of the State.

Permitted or required approval by the State of any services or deliverables furnished by Contractor shall not in any way relieve Contractor of its responsibility for the professional quality and technical accuracy and adequacy of its work. The State's review, approval, acceptance, or payment for any of Contractor's services or deliverables herein shall not be construed to operate as a waiver of any rights under this Agreement or of any cause of action arising out of the performance of this Agreement, and except as provided herein Contractor shall be and remain liable in accordance with the terms of this Agreement and applicable law for all damages to the State caused by Contractor's performance or failure to perform under this Agreement.

In the event of a breach of these representations and warranties, the State shall provide telephonic or electronic notice to Contractor. The State may, in its sole discretion, require Contractor to cure such breaches. If it is necessary for Contractor to send at least one qualified and knowledgeable representative to the State's site where the system is located, this will be done at Contractor's expense. This representative will continue to address and work to remedy the deficiency, failure, malfunction, defect, or problem at the site. The rights and remedies provided in this paragraph are in addition to any other rights or remedies provided in this Agreement or by law.

44. INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

In connection with the performance of this Agreement and the provision of services and deliverables under this Agreement, Contractor will not infringe any patent, copyright, trademark, trade secret or other proprietary right of any person. Contractor will not improperly use any trade secrets, or confidential or proprietary information owned by any third party in performing this Agreement or the services related to this Agreement. To the fullest extent permitted by law, Contractor shall defend, indemnify, and hold the Department and their employees and agents harmless from against any and all Claims resulting from allegations of infringement of any patents, copyrights, trade secret, or similar intellectual property rights covering the Goods or Services provided, or the use of the Goods or Services under this Contract. If the Department's use of Goods or Services provided by Contractor is enjoined based on an intellectual property infringement Claim, Contractor shall, at its own expense, either procure for Purchaser the right to continue using the Goods or Services or, after consulting with Purchaser and obtaining Purchaser's consent, replace or modify the Goods or Services with substantially similar and functionally equivalent non-infringing Goods or Services.

45. THIRD PARTY RIGHTS

Contractor represents and warrants that it has the full power and authority to grant the rights described in this Agreement without violating any rights of any third party, and that there is currently no actual or, to Contractor's knowledge, threatened suit by any such third party based on an alleged violation of such rights by Contractor. Contractor attests that no access of the State to software or hardware infringes upon the intellectual property rights of a third party.

46. PUBLICITY:

The award of this Agreement to Contractor is not in any way an endorsement of Contractor or Contractor's services by the State and may not be so represented by Contractor in any advertising or publicity materials. Contractor agrees to submit to the State all advertising, sales promotion, and other publicity relating to this Agreement wherein the State's name is mentioned, or language is used from which the connection of the State's name therewith may, in the State's judgment, be inferred or implied. Contractor further agrees not to publish or use such advertising, sales promotion, or publicity without the prior written consent of the State. Contractor may not in any way contract on behalf of or in the name of the State, nor may release any informational pamphlets, notices, press releases, research reports, or similar public notices concerning this Agreement without obtaining the prior written approval of the State.

47. HEALTH INSURANCE PORTABILITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT

Consultant is a "covered entity" as defined in the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, 45 CFR §160.103, and will abide by the rules and regulations set forth in 45 CFR Parts 160 and 164 (HIPAA), as amended by the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health (HITECH) Act §§ 13400-13424, 42 U.S.C. §§ 17921-17954 (2009).

The parties signify their agreement by signing below.

Emily Kiel, Director Division of Healthcare Access Department of Health	Date	Consultant Signature	Date
		Brent Long	
		Print or Type Consultant Name	

Brent.Long@rcgov.org

Darcy McGuigan, Director Division of Finance Department of Health	Date	Consultant Email
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State Contact Person: Marty Link Phone: 605-367-5372

Consultant Contact Person: Jason Culberson Phone: 605-349-4180

The following shall be completed by the Consultant:

Nonprofit Profit
 Consultant fiscal year beginning _____ and ending _____

The following shall be completed by the State:

MSA Account code 5204 _____

Fund Source Name: R20RC	Fund Source Name:	Fund Source Name:
CFDA No: 93.391	CFDA No:	CFDA No:
Program: 0901006-R20RC	Program: 0901001-	Program: 0901001-
CO: 2018-Federal \$50,000	CO: 2018-Federal	CO: 2018-Federal
3047-Other	3047-Other	3047-Other
1000-General	1000-General	1000-General
2000 – Federal COVID	2000 – Federal COVID	2000 – Federal COVID

SDCL 1-24A-1 states that a copy of all consulting contracts shall be filed by the agency with the State Auditor within five days after such contract is entered into and finally approved by the contracting parties. For further information about consulting contracts, see the State Auditor's policy handbook.

Form **W-9**
 (Rev. October 2018)
 Department of the Treasury
 Internal Revenue Service

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

**Give Form to the
 requester. Do not
 send to the IRS.**

▶ Go to www.irs.gov/FormW9 for instructions and the latest information.

Print or type. See Specific Instructions on page 3.	1 Name (as shown on your income tax return). Name is required on this line; do not leave this line blank.	
	2 Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above	
	3 Check appropriate box for federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one of the following seven boxes.	4 Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3):
	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC <input type="checkbox"/> C Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> S Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership <input type="checkbox"/> Trust/estate	Exempt payee code (if any) _____
	<input type="checkbox"/> Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=Partnership) ▶ _____ Note: Check the appropriate box in the line above for the tax classification of the single-member owner. Do not check LLC if the LLC is classified as a single-member LLC that is disregarded from the owner unless the owner of the LLC is another LLC that is not disregarded from the owner for U.S. federal tax purposes. Otherwise, a single-member LLC that is disregarded from the owner should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner.	Exemption from FATCA reporting code (if any) _____
	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (see instructions) ▶ _____	<i>(Applies to accounts maintained outside the U.S.)</i>
	5 Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.) See instructions.	Requester's name and address (optional)
6 City, state, and ZIP code		
7 List account number(s) here (optional)		

Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see *How to get a TIN*, later.

Note: If the account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. Also see *What Name and Number To Give the Requester* for guidelines on whose number to enter.

Social security number											
				-			-				
or											
Employer identification number											
				-							

Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me); and
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding; and
3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and
4. The FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting is correct.

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions for Part II, later.

Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person ▶	Date ▶
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General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. For the latest information about developments related to Form W-9 and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW9.

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following.

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)

- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds)
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)
- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding, later.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting*, later, for further information.

Note: If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States.

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity;
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust; and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Pub. 515, *Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities*).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items.

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
2. The treaty article addressing the income.
3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

Backup Withholding

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 24% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the instructions for Part II for details),
3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code*, later, and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see *Special rules for partnerships*, earlier.

What is FATCA Reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See *Exemption from FATCA reporting code*, later, and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account; for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account (other than an account maintained by a foreign financial institution (FFI)), list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9. If you are providing Form W-9 to an FFI to document a joint account, each holder of the account that is a U.S. person must provide a Form W-9.

a. **Individual.** Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note: ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

b. **Sole proprietor or single-member LLC.** Enter your individual name as shown on your 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.

c. **Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C corporation, or S corporation.** Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

d. **Other entities.** Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

e. **Disregarded entity.** For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

Line 3

Check the appropriate box on line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box on line 3.

IF the entity/person on line 1 is a(n) . . .	THEN check the box for . . .
• Corporation	Corporation
• Individual • Sole proprietorship, or • Single-member limited liability company (LLC) owned by an individual and disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes.	Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC
• LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes, • LLC that has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, or • LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner but the owner is another LLC that is not disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes.	Limited liability company and enter the appropriate tax classification. (P= Partnership; C= C corporation; or S= S corporation)
• Partnership	Partnership
• Trust/estate	Trust/estate

Line 4, Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space on line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

- 1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
- 2—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
- 5—A corporation
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession
- 7—A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
- 8—A real estate investment trust
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
- 10—A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)
- 11—A financial institution
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian
- 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for . . .	THEN the payment is exempt for . . .
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 ²
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) written or printed on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)

B—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities

C—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities

D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state

G—A real estate investment trust

H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940

I—A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a)

J—A bank as defined in section 581

K—A broker

L—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)

M—A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan

Note: You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns. If this address differs from the one the requester already has on file, write NEW at the top. If a new address is provided, there is still a chance the old address will be used until the payor changes your address in their records.

Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note: See *What Name and Number To Give the Requester*, later, for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.SSA.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/Businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. Go to www.irs.gov/Forms to view, download, or print Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4. Or, you can go to www.irs.gov/OrderForms to place an order and have Form W-7 and/or SS-4 mailed to you within 10 business days.

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note: Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, 4, or 5 below indicates otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code*, earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983.

You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983.

You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

3. Real estate transactions.

You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. Other payments.

You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), ABLE accounts (under section 529A), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions.

You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account) other than an account maintained by an FFI	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹
3. Two or more U.S. persons (joint account maintained by an FFI)	Each holder of the account
4. Custodial account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
5. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee ¹
b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The actual owner ¹
6. Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
7. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))	The grantor*
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
8. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
9. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
10. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
11. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
12. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
13. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee

For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
14. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
15. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³ You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

⁴ List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships*, earlier.

*Note: The grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

Note: If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Pub. 5027, Identity Theft Information for Taxpayers.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes.

Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at spam@uce.gov or report them at www.ftc.gov/complaint. You can contact the FTC at www.ftc.gov/idtheft or 877-IDTHEFT (877-438-4338). If you have been the victim of identity theft, see www.IdentityTheft.gov and Pub. 5027.

Visit www.irs.gov/IdentityTheft to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.